History Skills Progression

| | | Key Stage 1 | | Lower Key Stage 2 | | Upper Key Stage 2 | |
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| <u>Skill</u> | <u>Aspect</u> | End of Y1 expectation | End of Y2 expectation | End of Y3 expectation | End of Y4 expectation | End of Y5 expectation | End of Y6 expectation |
| Observe, explain and question | Similarities and differences | Begin to describe similarities and differences between historical artefacts and pictures. | Describe how their own life is different from past generations of their own family. | Describe how their own lives are similar or different to children living in past times. | Compare two periods of history, identifying similarities and differences between them. | Make connections between two periods of history, to begin to develop historical perspective. | Make connections, draw contrasts and identify trends in two or more periods of history to improve historical perspective. |
| | Chronology | Begin to order artefacts and pictures from significantly different time periods. | Order events in a period of history studied and begin to recall the dates of important festivals or celebrations. | Show developing understanding of chronology by beginning to realise that the past can be divided into different periods of time. | Place different periods of time on the timeline and remember key historical facts and some dates from a period studied. | Independently place historical events or change on a timeline, remembering key facts from a period of history studied. | Create, from memory, a timeline from dates/ details/ eras, showing knowledge of how to check for accuracy. |
| | Local history | Describe, in simple terms, the importance of a local place or landmark. | Describe how people, places and events in their own locality have changed over time. | Describe how national changes affected their locality. | Describe the impact of international events (e.g. war) on the local area. | Use a range of local history resources to describe how an event (e.g. Black Death) affected a local town or village. | Suggest and research information sources required to present an in-depth study of a local town or city. |
| | Historical questions | Ask and respond to simple questions about the past, using sources of information. | Ask and answer questions about a range of historical sources. | Suggest useful research questions. | Ask and answer more complex questions through independent research. | Follow independent lines of enquiry and make informed responses based on this. | Independently investigate a complex historical research question. |
| Research, Interpret and analyse | Historical enquiry | Use simple source material (e.g. photographs) to answer questions about an event beyond living memory. | Build a 'bigger picture' of a historical period, using a range of source material. | Choose the most important source material for a task, showing awareness of a range of sources. | Use a range of source materials to answer questions about the past which go beyond simple observations. | Describe how different types of evidence tell us different things about the past (e.g. royal portraits versus descriptions) and understand why contrasting arguments and interpretations occur. | Acknowledge different points of view expressed and explain why these are important in understanding and interpreting history. |
| | Recording | Retell a story or significant event from their own past. | Show increased knowledge and understanding of events beyond living memory through simple recording, using text and drawing. | Use labelled diagrams, recounts, stories, diaries and pictures to illustrate understanding about historical events and famous people. | Choose the best way to record a range of historical information, giving reasons for their choice. | Select, organise and record relevant information from a range of sources to produce well-structured narratives, descriptions and explanations. | Select, organise, summarise and present relevant information, from a wide range of sources, in the most effective way for a given purpose. |
| | Significant individuals | Sequence the story of a significant historical figure. | Use the stories of famous historical figures to compare aspects of life in different times | Explain how a significant figure of a period influenced change. | Explain how significant historical figures contributed to national and international achievements in a variety of eras. | Describe how a significant individual or movement has influenced the UK or wider world. | Describe how their own lives have been influenced by a significant individual or movement. |
| Conclude and communicate | Continuity and change | Compare one's own life and interests now with their babyhood (e.g. clothes, toys, food, size, abilities), recalling a significant memory from the past. | Describe changes in the local area during their lifetime and that of their parents and grandparents. | Describe some of the main changes in Britain, resulting from an event (e.g. an invasion or war). | Explain the impact of a significant historical figure on life in Britain. | Link events from periods studied to changes or developments in contemporary society, both in Britain and the wider world. | Provide reasons for, and outcomes of, the main events and changes in historical periods, showing factual knowledge of aspects of Britain and the wider world. |
| | Cause and consequence | Describe, in simple terms, why a significant individual acted the way they did. | Begin to understand cause and effect by looking at a significant individual's actions and what happened as a result. | Express an opinion on whether a person or event had a positive or negative impact on life in Britain. | Explain that an event can have more than one cause. | Explain why people acted as they did (e.g. why Henry VIII married many times in order to produce an heir to the throne. | Describe the negative and positive impact of a period of history on contemporary society. |
| | Vocabulary | Use simple vocabulary to describe passing of time (e.g. now, then, long ago, before and after). | Use further terms associated with the past (e.g. year, decade and century). | Use appropriate historical vocabulary to describe key features of a time period. | Begin to use abstract terms (e.g. empire, civilisation, parliament and heptarchy). | Make appropriate use of historical terms in discussion and understand concepts (e.g. local, regional, national and international). | Use in context and understand terms relating to different types of history (e.g. cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social). |

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